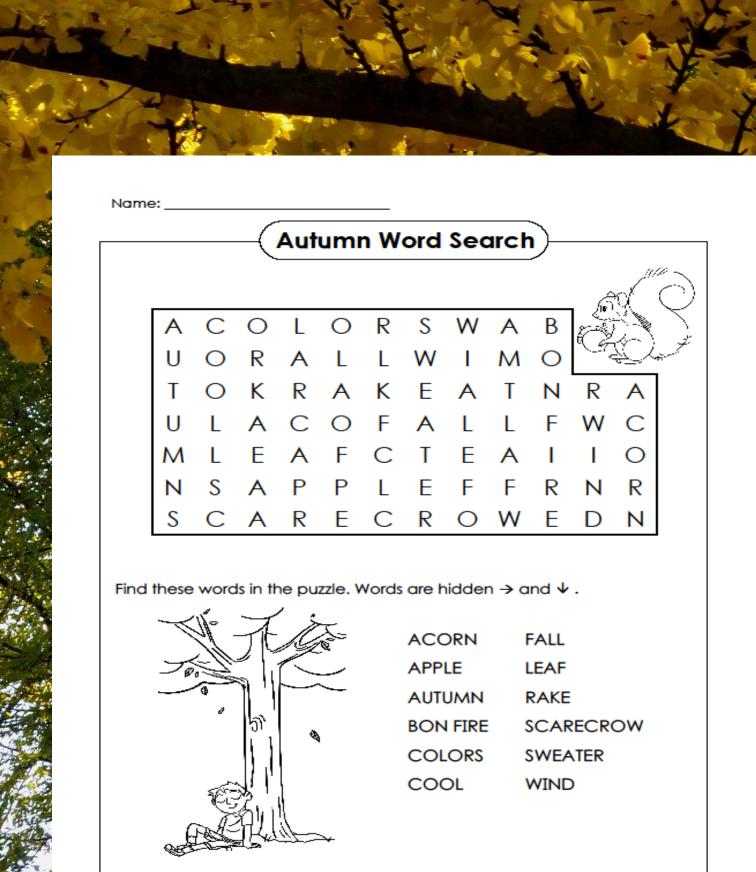
ON BOARD OCTOBER/NOVEMBER 2022 SP56 SZCZECIN

Topics:
Autumn
Bonefire Night
Thanksgiving Day
Halloween





Super Teacher Worksheets - www.superteacherworksheets.com

Name:_ Write the answer for each problem. Then, color according to the key at the bottom. 9 8 8 5 8 5 5 3 3 5 5 Brown Lt. Green Lt.Blue Orange Green Blue

Super Teacher Worksheets - www.superteacherworksheets.com

Yellow

Red

The History of Guy Fawkes





The British celebrate Bonfire Night every year on 5 November in the memory of a famous event in British history, the Gunpowder plot. On 5 November 1605, a group of Roman Catholics planned to blow up the House of Parliament while King James I was inside the building. However, the evening before, Guy Fawkes was caught in the cellars with gunpowder, and the plot was discovered. He and Thomas Wintour

were executed by hanging. Bonfire Night is also known as Guy Fawkes Night.

Originally, Bonfire Night was celebrated as a victory for Protestants over Catholics, but nowadays everyone enjoys this festival. Some children make a figure of a man made of old clothes stuffed with newspaper or straw to represent Guy Fawkes. The figure is then burned on top of a bonfire on Bonfire Night. Fireworks are also present

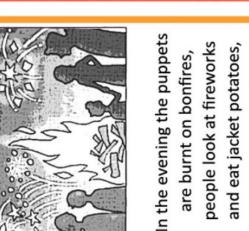
during this celebration, but there are restrictions on the type of fireworks that can be used by the public. Some people hold private bonfire parties in their gardens, while others attend larger public events organized by councils or charities.



Answer the following questions in full sentences.

- 1. Who celebrates Bonfire Night?
- 2. What was the plot in 1605?
- 3. Did Guy Fawkes and his accomplice succeed?
- 4. What do children make?
- 5. How do people nowadays celebrate this festival?

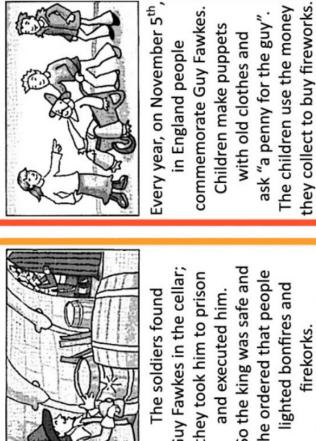




sausages and toffee apples.

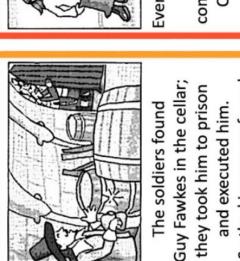
firekorks.













So the king was safe and



important festival in Britain. The 5th of November is an remember the year 1605. It's called "Bonfire Night". On this day people



Guy Fawkes and his friends King James try to kill the protestant In November 1605 a catholic called

the House of Parliament

They put 36 bearels of

They want to blow up

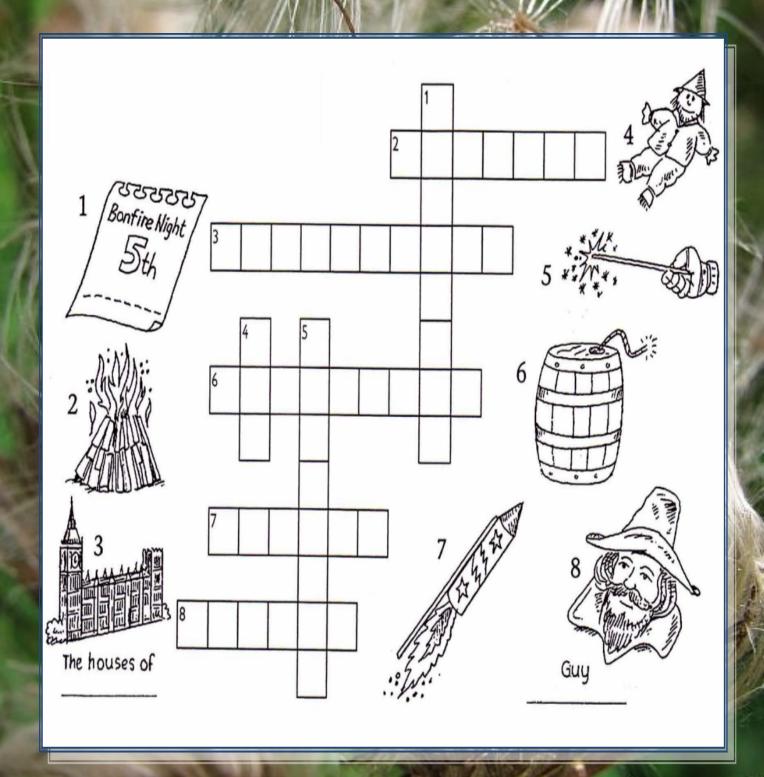
and his minister inside.

with the king



But the king was informed about the plot and sent gunpowder in the cellar his soldiers to the cellar. of the building.

Cut out the pages of the book, put them together and read the story. Then do a crossword.





Guy Fawkes Word Search

X S S R W P E U 0 R U U R T U 1 K P S Y A C C N X Y T U В N T M A B S D F P F G H B N F R E F 1 F S R 0 T Y A U F P P S C Z W F W D R V B N M T A 0 F C D F T W A K E R T Y R Q F G F J W K P 0 R U H L A A R Q W 0 E S E U T R T A Y 1 X S J F V Z A R D P A I A S S P A K S R L E R P M B N S 0 W E E B M M T Y F F G R 0 C K F Y H N N S D F G H J J K 7 X C T A C A T F R F W H F E H N H 1

GUY FAWKES, TOFFEE APPLE, ROBERT CATESBY, BONFIRE, ROCKET, GUNPOWDER, FIREWORKS, CODE, SPARKLER, PARLIAMENT, EXPLOSIVES, TREASON, CATHERINE WHEEL

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It's Thanksgiving.
Families are getting together. What happens on Thanksgiving?

Families have a feast on Thanksgiving. They have turkey for dinner. They have gravy and dressing. They have carrots and potatoes. They have pumpkin pie for dessert.



Turkey

Families give thanks on Thanksgiving. They are thankful for the food they eat. They are thankful for the friends and family they have.



Pumpkin Pie

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Turkey ABCs

Connect the dots by following your ABCs



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Thanks for All Things

Thanks for the fire, That keeps me warm. Thanks for my family, Keep them from harm.

Thanks for the corn, Cobs stacked in a heap, Thanks for the squash, And the crops that we reap.

Thanks for the grains, They'll feed us till spring. Thanks for the cows, And the milk that they bring.

Thanks for the stars, And the sun and the moon. Thanks for the snow, That's coming here soon.

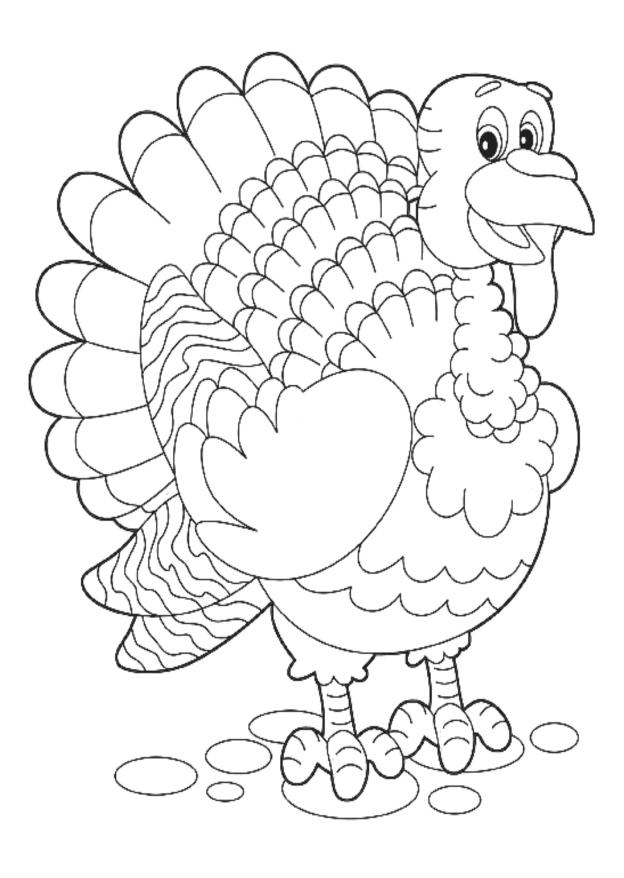
Thanks for the rivers, The lakes and the seas. Thanks for the mountains. Covered in trees.

Thanks for all life. And last, but not least, Thanks for the turkey We'll have at our feast.



Write a paragraph or a poem on what you are thankful for.

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Thanksgiving Day

Thanksgiving	Day i	is a	national	holiday
cel	ebrat	ed i	n the	



on the



_____ in _____

It is a four-day weekend. don't go to



_____.

NY ____

there is a big parade with

Pupils





_____ and



On Thanksgiving Day,



_____ and friends enjoy a meal together.

A traditional Thanksgiving dinner consists of







mashed _____



green _____ and



_____ sauce.

Traditional Thanksgiving desserts are



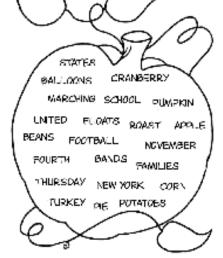
_____ and



It is a tradition to watch a



____ match in the afternoon.





Find the Thanksgiving words below in the grid:

OSWEETPOTATOESKA KNMPAPPLESAUCEFA HAIACAULIFLOWERT RLAOSTFINNBUTTER PZCSNHOEEKNCYEBO UMOKGREOONOKBCRI MCRYPUGDTURKEYOZ PANQNLARPFXMRZCC KROCXGASAOMZAYCY IRNSBXOHHVTLEMOD NOTWGRAPESYAAYLD THIUSLXALYYTIIO IREDINNERROLLOUN EXCBAKEDPOTATOES WXOCRANBERRIESAS J B C O R N U C O P I A K B D Thanksgiving Feast





apple sauce
baked potatoes
beet
broccoli
butter
carrot
cauliflower
corn on the cob
cornucopia
cranberries

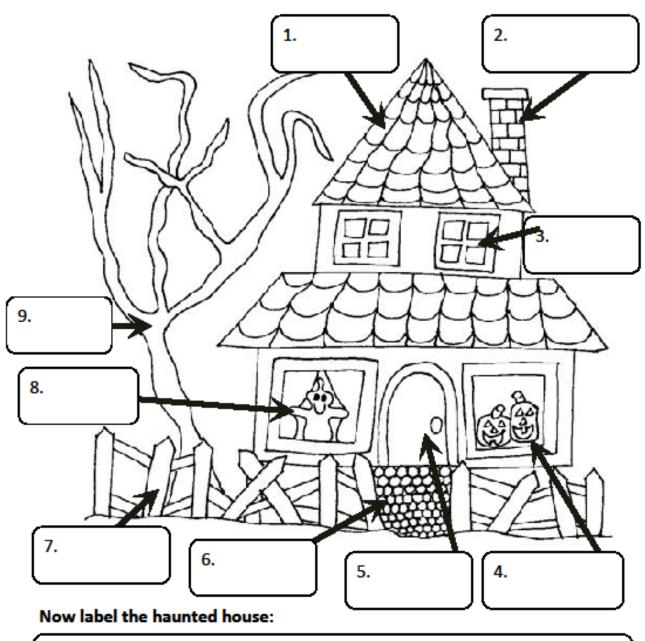
dinner roll
grapes
gravy
mashed potatoes
onion
pumpkin pie
squash
sweet potatoes
turkey
yam

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A Haunted House

Welcome to my haunted house. The roof is red. The chimney is pink. The windows are green. The door is yellow. The gate is purple. The fence is blue. The tree is brown. The pumpkins are orange.



the chimney a pumpkin a window the door the roof the gate the fence a tree a ghost



Halloween has Celtic origins. The Celtic life was in two parts: summer and winter. Summer was from May to the end of October, and winter was from November to the end of April. The ancient Celtic festivity Samhain celebrated the start of the year: the start of winter. It began on the evening of October 31 and continued until the next day.

Druids were Celtic soldiers. On October 31 they performed religious rituals and talked about future events. The Celts believed that ghosts, witches and evil spirits disappeared on the night of October 31. They believed that evil spirits entered the body of a person or animal. They wore frightening costumes and made loud parties to send them away.

The colours of Halloween — orange and black — are of Celtic origin, too. Orange was the colour of the sun, and black was the colour of soil and long nights. The Druids believed that black cats had special sense and could feel if spirits were near. So black cats have become symbols of Halloween.

The Romans invaded Great Britain in AD 43. After this invasion Samhain became a harvest festival. During the centuries, the Roman Catholic priests put Christian festivities in the place of pre-Christian festivities. In the eighth century the Church decided to call 1 November All Saints' Day. Another name for this day was Holly day. The evening of 31 October was All Hallows' Eve. This became Halloween.





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